

Science of Surface

Today, much more than in the recent This innovative approach is ingeniously past, building coatings are required to applied in: have mechanical characteristics, dura- • Gypsum & Cement base dry mix bility over the time and high resistance • Gypsum plasterboard and cement to increasingly aggressive atmospheric agents in order to respond effectively to • Ready mix solutions for wet systems energy saving.

At the same time, it is no longer possible For these fields of the Construction Incle assessments in a circular economy our Guar Gum and Starch. perspective.

product line based on natural sources.

- boards
- the ongoing climate changes and to the since it could be used as a solution to widespread regulations in the world for change industrial characteristics and to achieve decorative effects as well.

to disregard the development of sus- dustry, we developed the whole unique tainable construction products to meet product line that consists of ESACOL®, the medium and long-term objectives ESA-ONE®, ESAMID, ESAPON and to zero the balance on greenhouse gas DEFOMEX additives, most of them emissions with favorable product life cy-composed by natural sources, such as

Plasters, skim coats, joint fillers, tile adhe-We have made our mission of these is-sives, coloured renderings, self-levelling sues: to intimately link the performance floorings, waterproofing plasterboards aspect to that of social and environmen- and putties are the main applications tal responsibility, by developing a unique where our specialties have been applied in the dry mix mortar and pasty systems with a demonstrated history of success over the last 30 years.

Dry Mix for Construction

Our widest range of sustainable natural polymer derivatives

Our chemical additives are capable of solving issues caused by heavy rain, critical freeze-thaw cycles, high humidity.

Our solutions

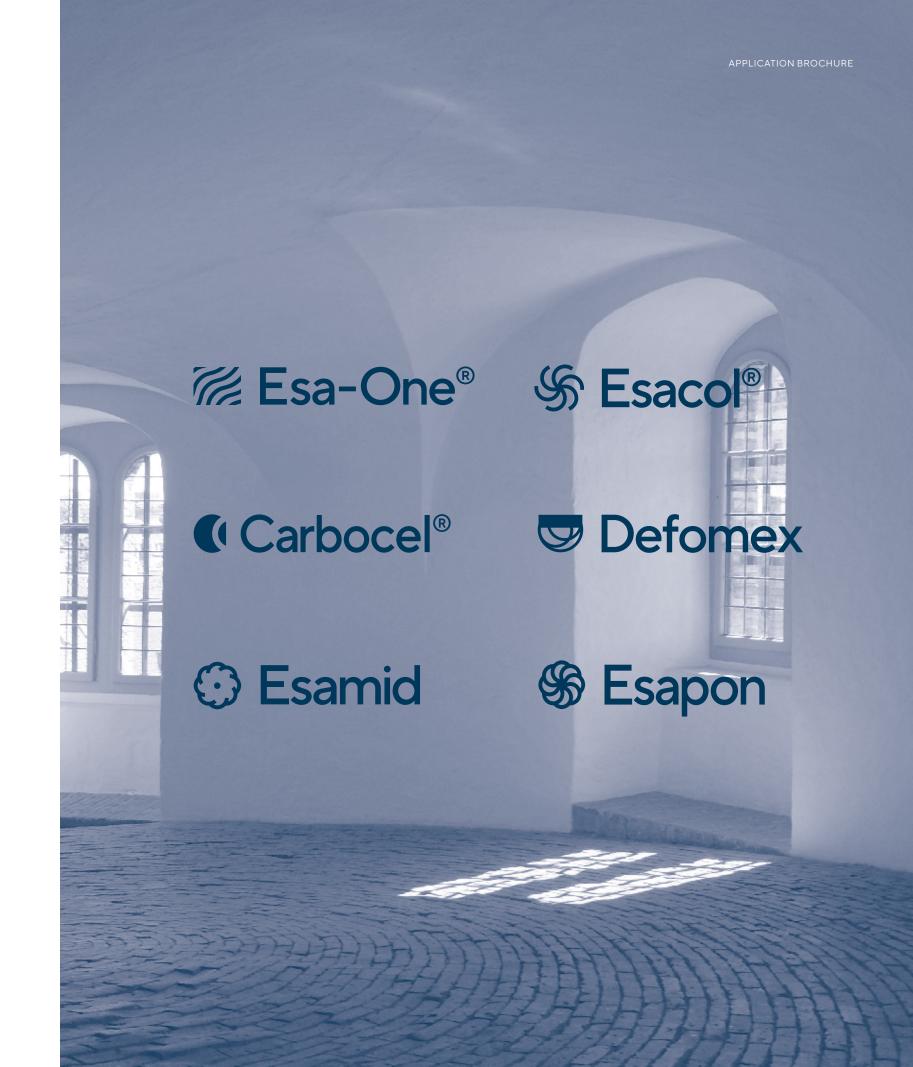
Lamberti additives and premixes.

Plaster is a building material used for the Lamberti has a wide range of additives and are considered the most common simple formulated solutions. types of plaster currently in use.

large number of parameters such as open and setting time, high adhesion and good application and durability of construction producer to adjust these parameters.

protective and/or decorative coating of such as Esacol®, Esamid, Esatec, Esapon, walls and ceilings. Gypsum based mortars, and Carbocel®, Defomex that can help joint compound, fillers, levelling and formulators to set the parameters of their finishing plasters are normally utilised to plaster formulations. From the complexity prepare walls and ceilings before painting of using many additives came the idea of

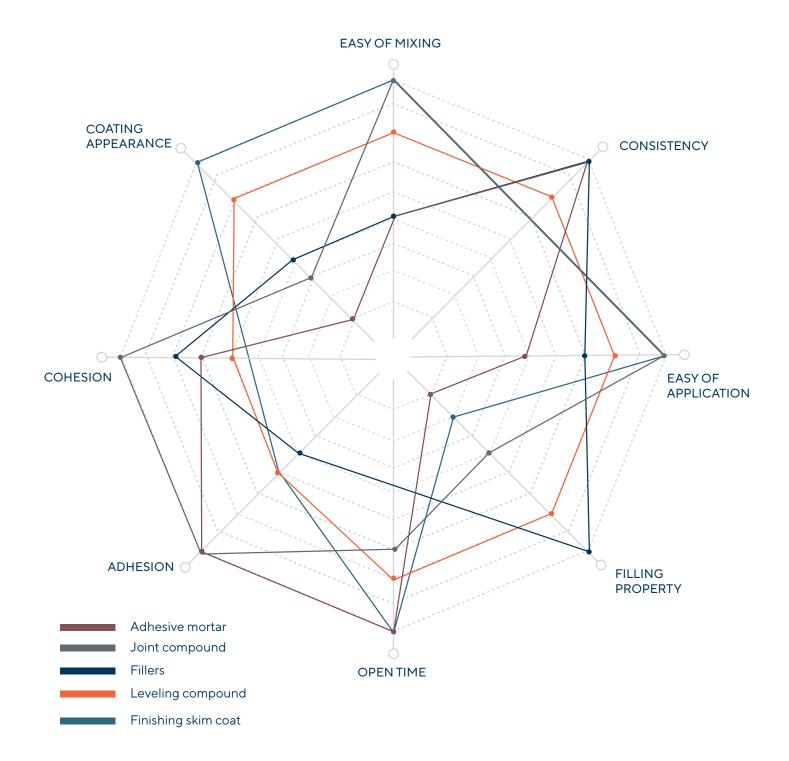
Esa-one® technology facilitates the Plasters for interior use need to satisfy a production process of building products. It simplifies inventory management, quarantees consistent quality and workability. The adjustment and control of assures quality control. The Lamberti these characteristics guarantees ease of Group development of the Esa-one products provides a technical security work. The use of additives allows the to its customers and offers a wide range of innovative solutions. The standard formulas presented in this document are the starting point of the support that can be provided by Lamberti and our team.



DRI MIX APPLICATION BROCHURE

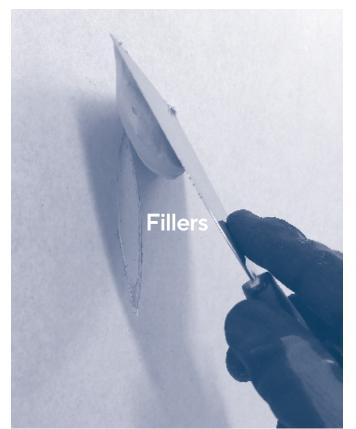
Interior plaster

Many applications, different properties required.













DRI MIX APPLICATION BROCHURE

இ Esacol®

Guar gum base water retentive agents.

Lamberti offers a wide range of thickener with a high capacity to maintain water in the system. Allowing to control open time, workability, shrinkage.







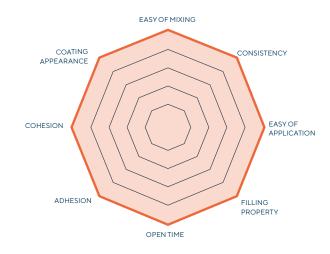




Esa-One®

Formulated solutions.

The Esa-one technology is based on the simplification of the production of powder or paste plasters. It consists in designing a powder-based premix that will give to the plaster, after adding fillers and binders (gypsum, cement, lime), all the characteristics required by our customer.







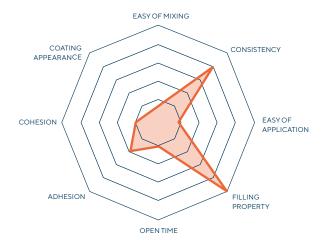






Carboxymethylcelluloses.

These cellulose derivatives improve filling properties, increase the consistency at low dosage, boost the water retention.



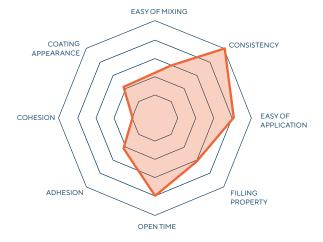






Starch derivatives.

Composed by various chemically modified starches, the Esamid range contains additives able to adjust the consistency of a plaster but also to enhance the open time, or prevent skin formation on gypsum based adhesive mortar.









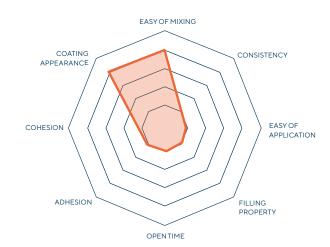




Surfactants.

Able to control the air entrained into the system during the mixing, Esapon additives can also improve stability and prevent lump formation.

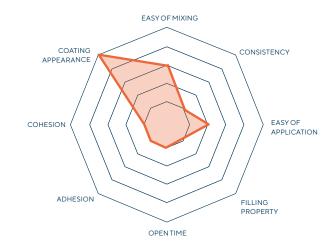




Defomex

Defoamers in powder form.

The Defomex range has been designed to prevent bubble formation during the mixing phase or when the plaster is applied onto the wall.







DRI MIX APPLICATION BROCHURE

Guidance formula

Adhesive mortar.

Adhesive mortars are used to seal insulating lining complexes (Plasterboards) onto masonry walls. They contain a very large amount of gypsum.

Requirements:

- Open time
- Adhesion
- Cohesion
- Low cost



Additive based orientation formula		
Esacol HS20	0,10%	Retention and workability
Esacol 55MU	0,13%	Retention and workability
Esamid P12	0,16%	Open time
Esatec RFG10	0,20%	Extension of the setting time
Mikhart 40	30,00%	Filler, Calcium carbonate
Gypsum	69,41%	Hydraulic binder

Esa-one solution		
Esa-one Putty S	1,0%	
Gypsum	69,0 - 99,0%	
Mikhart 40	0 - 30,0%	
Mixing water	50,0%	
Expected technical characteristics		
Setting time	4 h	
Water retention	> 90%	
Adherence to concrete	>1MPa	
Open time	60 min	

DRI MIX APPLICATION BROCHURE

Guidance formula

Joint compound (fast setting).

Joint fillers are used to cover the gap between two plasterboards. The so-called "fast" joint plasters have a setting of less than four hours, allowing the application of the second coat within the same day. They necessarily contain gypsum.

Requirements:

- Ease of implementation
- Ease of application
- Homogeneous setting time
- Good tape adhesion





Additive base	d orientatio	on formula
Esacol HS20	0,12%	Water retention and workability
Esacol HD15	0,12%	Lump prevention and workability
Sacol 55MU	0,24%	Water retention and workability
samid P12	0,20%	Open time and consistency
etting accelerator	0,02%	
Satec 310H	0,01%	Consistency adjustment
satec RFG10	0,16%	Extension of the setting time
satec 194	0,70%	Adhesion and cohesion
Satec 285	0,80%	Cohesion
1ikhart 15	67,77%	Filler, calcium carbonate 15µm
Gypsum	30,00%	Hydraulic binder

Esa-one solution				
Esa-one Joint Quick	4,0%			
Gypsum	25,0%			
Mikhart 15	71,0%			
Mixing water	50,0%			
Expected technical characteristics				
Setting time	4h			
Water retention	> 94%			
Band pulling resist. (dry)	> 1000 g			
Band pulling resist. (wet)	> 500 g			

Guidance formula

Joint compound (drying).

Without gypsum, these joint bonding plasters contain resins which allow to bond the tape after drying. Esa-one JSP has been specially formulated to give the plaster a very high adhesive power and a satisfactory level of bonding (delamination of the strip) 24 hours after application.

Requirements:

- Paste easy to prepare without lump
- Ease of application
- Water retention to avoid shrinkage
- Fast adhesion of the strip
- Good cohesion



Additive based orientation formula		
Esacol HD15	0,23%	Water retention & lump less mixing
Esacol 55MU	0,30%	Water retention and workability
Esamid P12	0,25%	Open time and consistency
Esatec 310H	0,03%	Consistency adjustment
Esatec 194	0,80%	Adhesion et cohesion
Esatec 285	1,00%	Cohesion
Cellulose fiber	0,20%	Homogenization of the drying
Mikhart 15	97,19%	Filler, calcium carbonate 15µm

Esa-one solution		
Esa-one JSP	4,0%	
Mikhart 15	96,0%	
Mixing water	44,0%	
Expected technical characteristics		
Setting time	Drying	
Water retention	> 95%	
Band pulling resist. (dry)	> 1000 g	
Band pulling resist. (wet)	> 500 g	

Guidance formula

Filler.

Containing a large amount of gypsum, fillers are used to fill cracks and holes before applying finishing coats or paints. Esa-one Fill S gives a quick setting time, allowing quick preparation of the walls before applying a skim coat or a paint.

Requirements:

- Workability
- Water retention
- No shrinkage
- Cohesion





Additive based orientation formula		
Esacol HS20	0,35%	Water retention and workability
Esacol 55MU	0,10%	Water retention and workability
Carbocel 69HV	0,02%	Filling effect
BRD1107 (gelatine)	0,15%	Extension of the setting time
Setting accelerator	0,08%	
Esatec 285	0,60%	Cohesion
Mikhart 40μm	28,70%	Filler, calcium carbonate 40µm
Gypsum	70,00%	Hydraulic binder

Esa-one solution		
Esa-one Fill S	3,5%	
Gypsum	75,0%	
Mikhart 15	21,4%	
Mixing water	44,0%	
Expected technical characteristics		
Setting time	60 min	
Water retention	> 93%	
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DRI MIX APPLICATION BROCHURE

Guidance formula

Levelling compound.

Levelling compounds are used to prepare walls before painting. They allow to correct the irregularities of the walls before the application of the finishing coats. The application capacity in thin or thick layers of Esa-one S4201 allows the covering of deformations and imperfections of the walls before painting. It gives excellent adhesion to the wall and good surface hardness

Requirements:

- Ease of mixing
- Ease of application
- Open time
- Appearance of the dry film
- Good cohesion



Additive based orientation formula		
Esacol HS20	0,20%	Water retention and workability
Esacol 55MU	0,20%	Waterretention
Carbocel 69HV	0,04%	Filling effect
Esamid P12	0,40%	Consistency and open time
BRD1107 (gelatine)	0,40%	Extension of the setting time
Mikhart 15	20,00%	Filler, calcium carbonate 15µm
Mikhart 40	38,76%	Filler, calcium carbonate 40µm
Gypsum	40,00%	Hydraulic binder

Esa-one solution			
Esa-one S4201	2,0%		
Mica	6,4%		
Gypsum	63,8%		
Mikhart 15	27,8%		
Mixing water	50,0%		
Expected technical characteristics			
Setting time	> 4h		
Waterretention	> 88%		

Guidance formula

Finishing skim coat (gypsum based).

Finishing plasters are used to prepare walls before painting. They make possible to obtain a smooth surface, without irregularities before painting. A finishing coat must be easy to apply. The mixing should be fast and lump-free. The coating must have a good glide (effortless application) and a long open time (possibility to work on large surfaces) without crimping (premature drying of the coating during application). The dry film must have very good resistance to distemper (the first layer takes off by the application of the second one) and must not have "flouring" effect (powdering of the film created by a lack of coating of the fillers by the binder).



Requirements:

- Ease of mixing
- Ease of application
- Open time
- Appearance of the dry film
- Good cohesion

Additive based orientation formula		
Esacol HD15	0,20%	Thickening and lump-free mixing
Esacol 55MU	0,20%	Water retention and workability
Esamid S40	0,50%	Smooth appearance of the coating
BRD1107 (gelatine)	0,60%	Extension of setting time & adhesion
Esatec 285	0,60%	Cohesion
Mikhart 15	77,90%	Filler, calcium carbonate 15μm
Gypsum	20,00%	Hydraulic binder

I.		
Esa-one solution		
Esa-one MA+	4,0%	
Gypsum	20,0%	
Mikhart 15	76%	
Mixing water	50,0%	
Expected technical characteristics		
Setting time	>4h	
Water retention	> 94%	

DRI MIX APPLICATION BROCHURE

Guidance formula

Finishing skim coat (without gypsum).

It is possible to formulate skim coat without gypsum. These drying plasters, which are more economical, keep the properties required for a finishing plaster. Esa-one MA+ is ideal for the production of these coatings, but Esa-one CO1 has been specially formulated for it.

Requirements:

- Ease of mixing
- Ease of application
- Open time
- Appearance of the dry film
- Good cohesion



Additive based orientation formula					
Esacol HD15	0,20%	Lump-free mixing & water retention			
Esacol 55MU	0,20%	Water retention and workability			
Esamid S40	0,50%	Smooth appearance of the coating			
Esatec 310H	0,02%	Consistency adjustment			
BRD1107 (gelatine)	0,60%	Extension of setting time & adhesion			
Esatec 285	1,60%	Cohesion			
Mikhart 15	96,88%	Filler, calcium carbonate 15µm			

Esa-one solution						
Esa-one CO1	1,5%					
Mikhart 15	98,5%					
Mixing water	40,0%					
Expected technical characteristics						
Setting time	Drying					
Water retention	> 95%					

The Lamberti Group

Explore, Design, Provide, Evolve.

simply products or formulations, but sets of Our science is made of experience, tech- that gives value to our people. nology, and precision, for tailoring and delivering high performing solutions to our We want to do better, creating a positive customers. Our ability to fit any market evolution demonstrates our capacity to be crea- ing species. tive and innovative.

written by people's living stories.

century of history. From the initial affiliation port (2020).

to the textile industry, we have learned the We design and produce customized chem- value of being part of structured eco-sysical solutions for different industries: not tems. Over time, we have invested in industrial plants and laboratories to cover all geskills, capabilities, visions, developed with ographies. We have fostered a network of dedication and attention to our customers. relationships, a rich wellspring of experience

legacy for the future of the planet and liv-

Sustainability became a crucial challenge for Lamberti that we addressed with the sub-The history of our company is continually scription to international programs (RSPO and Ecovadis) as well as with the voluntary Since 1911, our experience stems from over a publication of the Group's Sustainability Re-

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Our technologies per market

	Cellulosics	Hydrocolloids	Acrylics	Waterbased polyurethanes	Oleochemicals
Agriculture	•	•	•	•	•
Personal care	•	•	•	•	•
Food and regulated industries	•	•			
Oil&gas	•	•	•		•
Mining and civil engineering	•	•	•		•
Ceramics and glassware	•		•	•	•
Surfactants					•
Wetend paper	•	•			
Drymix for construction	•	•			
Textile printing and finishing	•	•	•	•	•
Architectural paints	•	•	•	•	•
Coated and functional paper	•	•	•	•	•
Industrial coating			•	•	•
Digital inks			•	•	•
Inks ingredients			•	•	•
Leather finishing			•	•	
Synthetic materials		•	•	•	•

